any time deposits made before December 19, 1991 that do not mature until after December 19, 1993, shall be subject to the rules as they existed on the date the deposits were made. Any time deposits made after December 19, 1991 but before December 19, 1993, shall be subject to the rules as they existed on the date the deposits were made. Any rollover or renewal of such time deposits prior to December 19, 1993 shall subject those deposits to the rules in effect on the date of such rollover or renewal. With respect to time deposits which mature only after a prescribed notice period, the provisions of this part shall be effective on the earliest possible maturity date after June 24, 1993 assuming (solely for purposes of this section) that notice had been given on that date.

[58 FR 29965, May 25, 1993]

#### PARTS 331—332 [RESERVED]

# PART 333—EXTENSION OF CORPORATE POWERS

#### REGULATIONS

Sec.

333.1 Classification of general character of business.

333.2 Change in general character of business.

333.4 Conversions from mutual to stock form.

#### INTERPRETATIONS

333.101 Prior consent not required.

AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 1816, 1818, 1819 ("Seventh", "Eighth" and "Tenth"), 1828, 1828(m), 1831p-1(c).

#### REGULATIONS

## § 333.1 Classification of general character of business.

State nonmember insured banks are divided into five categories for the purpose of classifying their general character or type of business, 2 viz: commercial banks, banks and trust companies, savings banks (including mutual and stock), industrial banks, and cash depositories.

[15 FR 8644, Dec. 6, 1950]

### § 333.2 Change in general character of business.

No State nonmember insured bank (except a District bank) or branch thereof shall hereafter cause or permit any change to be made in the general character or type of business exercised by it after the effective date of this part without the prior written consent of the Corporation.

[15 FR 8644, Dec. 6, 1950]

## § 333.4 Conversions from mutual to stock form.

(a) Scope. This section applies to the conversion of insured mutual state savings banks to the stock form of ownership. It supplements the procedural and other requirements for such conversions in §303.15 of this chapter. This section also applies, to the extent appropriate, to the reorganization of insured mutual state savings banks to the mutual holding company form of ownership. As determined by the Board of Directors of the FDIC on a case-bycase basis, the requirements of paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of this section do not apply to mutual-to-stock conversions of insured mutual state savings banks whose capital category under §325.103 of this chapter is "undercapitalized", "significantly capitalized" or "critically underor "critically undercapitalized". The Board of Directors of the FDIC may grant a waiver in writing from any requirement of this section for good cause shown.

(b) Conflicts with state law. In the event that an insured mutual state savings bank that proposes to convert to the stock form of ownership finds that compliance with any provision of this section would be inconsistent or in conflict with applicable state law, the bank may file a written request for waiver of compliance with such provision by the FDIC. In making such request, the bank shall demonstrate that the requested waiver, if granted, would not result in any effects that would be detrimental to the safety and soundness of the bank, entail a breach of fiduciary duty on part of the bank's

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  A bank's business may include two or more of the general classifications.

#### § 333.4

management or otherwise be detrimental or inequitable to the bank, its depositors, any other insured depository institution(s), the federal deposit insurance funds or to the public interest.

- (c) Definition of Eligible Depositor. For purposes of this section, eligible depositors are depositors holding qualifying deposits at the bank as of a date designated in the bank's plan of conversion that is not less than one year prior to the date of adoption of the plan of conversion by the converting bank's board of directors/trustees.
- (d) Requirements. In addition to other requirements that may be imposed by the applicable state statutes and regulations and other federal statutes and regulations, including §303.15 of this chapter, an insured mutual state savings bank shall not convert to the stock form of ownership unless the following requirements are satisfied:
- (1) Eligible depositors shall have higher subscription rights than employee stock ownership plans;
- (2) The proposed conversion shall be approved by a vote of at least a majority of the bank's depositors and, as reasonably determined by the bank's directors or trustees, other stakeholders of the bank who are entitled to vote on the conversion, unless the applicable state law requires a higher percentage, in which case the higher percentage shall be used. Voting may be in person or by proxy;
- (3) Management shall not use proxies executed outside the context of the proposed conversion to satisfy the voting requirement imposed in the previous paragraph; and
- (4) In addition to the materials to be submitted to the FDIC pursuant to §303.15(c) of this chapter, the bank must submit to the FDIC:
- (i) A full appraisal report on the value of the converting bank and the pricing of the stock to be sold in the conversion. The report must be prepared by an independent appraiser and must include a complete and detailed description of the elements that make up an appraisal report, justification for the methodology employed and sufficient support for the conclusions reached therein, including a full discussion of the applicability of each peer group member and documented

analytical evidence supporting any variance (above or below) the institution proposing to convert may have from the peer group statistics and a complete analysis of the institution's pro forma earnings which should include its full potential once the institution fully deploys its new capital pursuant to its business plan; and

- (ii) A business plan which must include, in part, a detailed discussion of how the capital acquired in the conversion will be used, expected earnings resulting from the plan and a justification for any proposed stock repurchases.
- (e) Restriction on repurchase of stock. An insured mutual state savings bank that has converted from the mutual to stock form of ownership may not repurchase its capital stock within one year following the date of its conversion to stock form, except that stock repurchases of no greater than 5% of the bank's outstanding capital stock may be repurchased during this oneyear period where compelling and valid business reasons are established, to the satisfaction of the FDIC. Any stock repurchases shall be subject to the requirements of section 18(i)(1) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1828(i)(1)).
- (f) Stock benefit plan limitations. The FDIC will presume that a stock option plan or management or employee stock benefit plan that does not conform with the applicable percentage limitations of the regulations issued by the Office of Thrift Supervision constitutes excessive insider benefits and thereby evidences a breach of the board of directors' or trustees' fiduciary responsibility. In addition, no converted insured mutual state savings bank shall, for one year from the date of the conversion, implement a stock option plan or management or employee stock benefit plan, other than a tax-qualified employee stock ownership plan, unless each of the following requirements is met:
- (1) Each of the plans was fully disclosed in the proxy solicitation and conversion stock offering materials;
- (2) All such plans are approved by a majority of the bank's stockholders, or in the case of a recently formed holding company, its stockholders, prior to

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implementation at a duly called meeting of shareholders, either annual or special, to be held no sooner than six months after the completion of the conversion:

- (3) In the case of a savings bank subsidiary of a mutual holding company, all such plans are approved by a majority of stockholders other than its parent mutual holding company prior to implementation at a duly called meeting of shareholders, either annual or special, to be held no sooner than six months following the stock issuance;
- (4) For stock option plans, stock options are granted at no lower than the market price at which the stock is trading at the time of grant; and
- (5) For management or employee stock benefit plans, no conversion stock is used to fund the plans.
  [59 FR 61246, Nov. 30, 1994]

#### INTERPRETATIONS

#### § 333.101 Prior consent not required.

- (a) The extension by any State nonmember insured bank of its business to include personal, character or installment loans, or the extension by an industrial bank of its business to include the business of a commercial bank, is not a change in the general character or type of business requiring the prior written consent of the Corporation.
- (b) An insured State nonmember bank, not exercising trust powers may act as trustee or custodian of Individual Retirement Accounts established pursuant to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and Self-Employed Retirement Plans established pursuant to the Self-Employed Individuals Retirement Act of 1962 without the prior written consent of the Corporation provided:
- (1) The bank's duties as trustee or custodian are essentially custodial or ministerial in nature, (2) the bank is required to invest the funds from such plans only (i) in its own time or savings deposits, or (ii) in any other assets at the direction of the customer provided the bank does not excercise any investment discretion or provided any investment advice with respect to such account assets, and (3) the bank's acceptance of such accounts without

trust powers is not contrary to State law.

[41 FR 2375, Jan. 16, 1976, as amended at 50 FR 10754, Mar. 18, 1985]

#### PART 334 [RESERVED]

# PART 335—SECURITIES OF NONMEMBER INSURED BANKS

Sec.

- 335.101 Scope of part, authority and OMB control number.
- 335.111 Forms and schedules.
- 335.201 Securities exempted from registration.
- 335.211 Registration and reporting.
- 335.221 Forms for registration of securities and similar matters.
- 335.231 Certification, suspension of trading, and removal from listing by exchanges.
- 335.241 Unlisted trading.
- 335.251 Forms for notification of action taken by national securities exchanges.
- 335.261 Exemptions; terminations; and definitions.
- 335.301 Reports of issuers of securities registered pursuant to section 12.
- 335.311 Forms for annual, quarterly, current, and other reports of issuers.
- 335.321 Maintenance of records and issuer's representations in connection with required reports.
- 335.331 Acquisition statements and acquisitions of securities by issuers.
- 335.401 Solicitations of proxies.
- 335.501 Tender offers.
- 335.601 Requirements of section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- 335.611 Initial statements of beneficial ownership of securities (Form F-7).
- 335.612 Statement of changes in beneficial ownership of securities (Form F-8).
- 335.613 Annual statement of beneficial ownership of securities (Form F-8A).
- 335.701 Filing requirements, public reference, and confidentiality.
- 335.801 Inapplicable SEC regulations; FDIC substituted regulations; additional information.
- 335.901 Delegation of authority to the Director (DOS) and to the associate directors, regional directors and deputy regional directors to act on matters with respect to disclosure laws and regulations.

AUTHORITY: 15 U.S.C. 781(i).

SOURCE: 62 FR 6856, Feb. 14, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

### § 335.101 Scope of part, authority and OMB control number.

(a) This part is issued by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the